

Построить графики функций. Найти координаты точек пересечения графиков.

- 1)  $y = 0.25 \cdot x^2 + x - 8$  и  $y = 2^x - 9$
- 2)  $y = 0.5 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot x - 6$  и  $y = 2 \cdot 2^x - 8$
- 3)  $y = 0.25 \cdot x^2 + x - 3$  и  $y = 2^x - 4$
- 4)  $y = x^2 + 6 \cdot x + 8$  и  $y = 6 \cdot 2^x$
- 5)  $y = x^2 + 2 \cdot x - 8$  и  $y = 2.5 \cdot 2^x - 10$
- 6)  $y = x^2 + 2 \cdot x - 8$  и  $y = 1.75 \cdot 2^x - 7$
- 7)  $y = x^2 + 4 \cdot x + 3$  и  $y = 3 \cdot 2^x$
- 8)  $y = 2 \cdot x^2 + 8 \cdot x + 6$  и  $y = 6 \cdot 2^x$
- 9)  $y = 3 \cdot x^2 + 12 \cdot x + 9$  и  $y = 9 \cdot 2^x$
- 10)  $y = -x^2 + 6 \cdot x - 8$  и  $y = 1.5 \cdot 2^x - 6$
- 11)  $y = -x^2 + 6 \cdot x - 8$  и  $y = 0.25 \cdot 4^x - 4$
- 12)  $y = -x^2 + 6 \cdot x - 8$  и  $y = 0.25 \cdot 2^x - 1$
- 13)  $y = -0.75 \cdot x^2 + 6 \cdot x - 9$  и  $y = 0.25 \cdot 2^x - 1$
- 14)  $y = -0.5 \cdot x^2 + 4 \cdot x - 6$  и  $y = 2 \cdot 2^x - 8$
- 15)  $y = -0.25 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot x - 3$  и  $y = 2^x - 4$
- 16)  $y = -0.5 \cdot x^2 + 6 \cdot x - 10$  и  $y = 0.5 \cdot 2^x - 2$
- 17)  $y = -0.25 \cdot x^2 + 3 \cdot x - 5$  и  $y = 0.25 \cdot 2^x - 1$
- 18)  $y = -0.25 \cdot x^2 + 3 \cdot x - 8$  и  $y = 0.25 \cdot 2^x - 4$